

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate SDS

Revision Date:2024-04-25 Revision Number:1

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**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****Product identifier**

Product name: 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate

CAS: 112-15-2

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses: For R&amp;D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against: none

**Company Identification**

Company: Chemicalbook.in

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**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****Classification of the substance or mixture**

Eye irritation, Category 2

**GHS label elements, including precautionary statements**

Pictogram(s)



Signal word

Warning

**Hazard statement(s)**

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

**Precautionary statement(s)****Prevention**

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

**Response**

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**Storage**

none

**Disposal**

none

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

no data available

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****Substance**

Chemical name: 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate

Common names and synonyms: 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate

CAS number: 112-15-2  
EC number: 203-940-1  
Concentration: 100%

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Exposure can cause irritation of eyes, nose and throat. (USCG, 1999)

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Poisons A and B

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

To fight fire, use alcohol foam, water, CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Irritating vapors and toxic gases, such as carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, may be formed when involved in fire. (USCG, 1999)

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

**Environmental precautions**

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure limit values

|           |                                 |                   |                          |                   |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Component | 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate |                   |                          |                   |
| CAS No.   | 112-15-2                        |                   |                          |                   |
|           | Limit value - Eight hours       |                   | Limit value - Short term |                   |
|           | ppm                             | mg/m <sup>3</sup> | ppm                      | mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Sweden    | 15                              | 110               | 30 (1)                   | 220 (1)           |
|           | Remarks                         |                   |                          |                   |
| Sweden    | (1) 15 minutes average value    |                   |                          |                   |

### Biological limit values

no data available

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flare resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

## Thermal hazards

no data available

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

|                                                           |                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Physical state:                                           | Liquid. Undefined.                                                                                                                          |
| Colour:                                                   | Colourless.                                                                                                                                 |
| Odour:                                                    | Characteristic: quality: sweet; hedonic tone: pleasant to unpleasant.                                                                       |
| Melting point/freezing point:                             | -17.4 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 013 hPa. Remarks:Crystallization point at - 60.0°C.                                                             |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: | 218.1 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 013 hPa.                                                                                                        |
| Flammability:                                             | no data available                                                                                                                           |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit:       | Lower 0.76% at 275 deg F; upper 5.0% at 365 deg F                                                                                           |
| Flash point:                                              | 100 °C. Atm. press.:1 013 hPa.                                                                                                              |
| Auto-ignition temperature:                                | 295 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 013 hPa.                                                                                                          |
| Decomposition temperature:                                | no data available                                                                                                                           |
| pH:                                                       | no data available                                                                                                                           |
| Kinematic viscosity:                                      | kinematic viscosity (in mm <sup>2</sup> /s) = 2.74. Temperature:20°C.;kinematic viscosity (in mm <sup>2</sup> /s) = 1.73. Temperature:40°C. |
| Solubility:                                               | Miscible with water, alcohol, ether, most oils                                                                                              |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:                    | log Pow = 0.74. Temperature:40 °C.                                                                                                          |
| Vapour pressure:                                          | 13.186 Pa. Temperature:20 °C. Remarks:9.89 E-2 mmHg.                                                                                        |

|                                  |                                               |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Density and/or relative density: | 1.009 g/cm <sup>3</sup> . Temperature: 20 °C. |
| Relative vapour density:         | 6.07 (Air = 1)                                |
| Particle characteristics:        | no data available                             |

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

No rapid reaction with air No rapid reaction with water

### Chemical stability

Very low volatility

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Combustible when exposed to heat ...DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACETATE is an ester. Esters react with acids to liberate heat along with alcohols and acids. Strong oxidizing acids may cause a vigorous reaction that is sufficiently exothermic to ignite the reaction products. Heat is also generated by the interaction of esters with caustic solutions. Flammable hydrogen is generated by mixing esters with alkali metals and hydrides.

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Incompatible materials

Can react with oxidizing materials.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Acute toxicity**

Oral: LD50 - guinea pig (male/female) - 3 930 mg/kg bw. Remarks:Slope: 12.74.

Inhalation: LC0 - rat (male/female) - 400 ppm.

Dermal: LD50 - guinea pig (male/female) - >= 30 000 mg/kg bw.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

no data available

**Serious eye damage/irritation**

no data available

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

no data available

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

no data available

**Carcinogenicity**

no data available

**Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

**STOT-single exposure**

no data available

**STOT-repeated exposure**

no data available

**Aspiration hazard**

no data available

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - *Pimephales promelas* - 110 mg/L - 96 h.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 - *Daphnia magna* - > 100 mg/L - 48 h.

Toxicity to algae: EC50 - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (previous names: *Raphidocelis subcapitata*, *Selenastrum capricornutum*) - > 100 mg/L - 72 h.

Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC - mixture of activated sludge from STP with freshwater from rivers and lakes, marine water and marine sediment -  $\geq$  100 mg/L - 28 d.

### Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate, present at 100 mg/L, reached 98 to 103% of its theoretical BOD after 4 weeks using an activated sludge seed at a concentration of 30 mg/L in the Japanese MITI test(1). In a biodegradation study of diethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate using a settled sewage seed and an initial chemical concentration of 2.5 ppm, diethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate reached 23.1, 44.0, 82.4, 90.1, 94.6, and 100% of its theoretical BOD after 5, 10, 15, 20, 30, and 40 days, respectively(2). A theoretical BOD of 61% for diethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate was reached over a period of 10 days in a biodegradation study employing dispersed seed aeration(3).

### Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for diethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate(SRC), using an estimated log Kow of 0.32(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

### Mobility in soil

The Koc of diethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate is estimated as 10(SRC), using an assigned value for water solubility of  $1 \times 10^6$  mg/L (miscible)(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that diethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate is expected to have very high mobility in soil.

### Other adverse effects

no data available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No

IMDG: No

IATA: No

### **Special precautions for user**

no data available

### **Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

no data available

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question**

**European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)**

Listed.

**EC Inventory**

Listed.

**United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory**

Listed.

**China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015**

Not Listed.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**

Listed.

**(PICCS)**

Listed.

**Vietnam National Chemical Inventory**

Listed.

**IECSC)**

Listed.

**Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)**

Listed.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### **References**

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:  
[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website:  
<http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

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